broken packages at Chicago, Ill., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 6, 1932, by the Blockton Creamery Co., from Blockton, Iowa, to Chicago, Ill., and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a substance deficient in butterfat had been mixed and packed therewith so as to reduce and lower and injuriously affect its quality and strength, and had been substituted in part for the said article. Adulteration was alleged for the further reason that the article contained less than 80 percent of butterfat.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the article had been sold, shipped, and labeled as "butter", which was false and misleading, since it contained less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On September 15, 1932, Coyne & Nevins Co., Chicago, Ill., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant for reworking under the supervision of this Department, upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$500, conditioned in part that it should not be sold or disposed of contrary to the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, or the laws of any State, Territory, District, or insular possession.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20231. Adulteration of butter. U.S. v. 25 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 28842. Sample no. 12021-A.)

This case involved the shipment of a quantity of butter, samples of which were found to contain less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat, the standard

prescribed by Congress.

On August 8, 1932, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 25 tubs of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce July 21, 1932, by the McIlhaney Creamery, from Lubbock, Tex., to New York, N.Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as

provided by law.

Frederick F. Lowenfels & Son, New York, N.Y., interposed a claim for the property as agent for the McIlhaney Creamery Co., Lubbock, Tex., admitted the allegations of the libel, consented to the entry of a decree, and agreed that the product be reconditioned so that it contain at least 80 percent of butterfat. On August 26, 1932, judgment of condemnation and forfeiture was entered, and it was ordered by the court that the product be released to the said claimant upon payment of costs and the execution of a bond in the sum of \$600, conditioned that it be reworked so that it comply with the law.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

20232. Adulteration of butter. U.S. v. 9 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond. (F. & D. no. 28845. Sample no. 12262-A.)

This action involved a shipment of butter, samples of which were found to contain less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat, the standard prescribed by

On August 13, 1932, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the District Court of the United States for the district aforesaid a libel praying seizure and condemnation of nine tubs of butter, remaining in the original unbroken packages at New York, N.Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 6, 1932, by the Sunburg Cooperative Creamery, of Sunburg, Minn., through the Northwest Dairy Forwarding Co., Duluth, Minn., to New York, N.Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.